

#### MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

## BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

### CALENDAR YEAR 2010 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

0460002
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

Cedar Grove-Harmony Water Association
Public Water Supply Name

The F confid must b	ederal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consumer lence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Please	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper  On water bills  Other
	Date customers were informed:/_/
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed: / /
×	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: The Columbian-Progress
	Date Published: <u>06/23/20</u> //
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted: / /
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
CERTI	FICATION
Consister Departm	certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is ent of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.    April
	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215  Phone: 601-576-7518

601/576-7634 • Fax 601/576-7931 • www.HealthyMS.com

Equal Opportunity In Employment/Service

570 East Woodrow Wilson • Post Office Box 1700 • Jackson, Mississippi 39215-1700

#### 2010 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Cedar Grove Harmony Water Association PWS#: 0460002 June 2011

2011 JEE 20 811 9: 32

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Miocene Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Cedar Grove Harmony Water Association have received a lower to moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact David Woodward at 601.736.9999. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Thursday of the month at 6:30 PM at 338 Pittman Rd., Columbia, MS 39429. The annual meeting is held on the third Monday of March at 7:00 PM at 338 Pittman Rd., Columbia, MS 39429.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2010. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2010, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) — The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST RESU	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contami	inants					<u> </u>	·

10. Barium	N	2010	.036	No Range	pp	m	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2010	1.3	No Range	þþ	b	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2009*	.3	0	pp	m	1.3	AL=1. 3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Disinfectio	n By-	Produc	ts						
81. HAA5	N	2010	10	No Range	ppb	0			By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2010	1.64	No Range	ppb	0		80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2010	1.01	.95-1.02	ppm	0	MRI		Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2010.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Cedar Grove Harmony Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

### PROOF OF PUBLICATION

2011 JUL 20 AU 9: 32

## THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI **COUNTY OF MARION**

Personally appears Public, in and for Amundson who be that she is Lega newspaper publish County, aforesaid, a of which is hereto	the Cour eing by mo I Clerk of ed in the and that the attached, as follows	nty and See and duly of the Coe City of e publication, has been seen	tate aforesa sworn, state olumbian-Pr Columbia, on of the not n made in s	id, <b>Susan</b> es on oath ogress, a State and ice, a copy said paper
In Vol. 109 No. <u>50</u>	Date_ <i></i>	<u>13</u> day d	of Sunce	, 2011
In Vol. 109 No	Date	day d	of	, 2011
In Vol. 109 No	Date	day d	of	, 2011
In Vol. 109 No	Date	day d	of	, 2011
Bon	scribed b	_	this <u>43</u>	day of
(SEAL)			3 8	
No. words	¼ 11 ( _at		0 = # 3	43,20 
Proof of Publication				
Total Cost				6.20

THIS IS NOT A STATEMENT

#### 2016 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Cedar Grove Harmony Water Association PWS#:0460002 June 2011

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Challer Muser Report. This most is designed to beform you should be warred yearly water and exchange when you have a sit and dependable supply of defining select with a sit as and dependable supply of defining select with an and select the process of the

This source wider transactives has been completed for our peaks were pystem to describe the overall susceptibility of the striction without successful the process of the p

If you have any questions about this report or concerning non-verse LBPs; please contact thereif Microbial at 601,725,5969. We are our valued customers to be informed policy land yet agree LBPs; please contact the section and all or registery schools over valued customers to be informed policy below yet and yet agree to be learn non-policy schools are presented by the property of the policy of the policy

October product for constituents in your dicition years according to Federal and State term. This trible below that all of the controlled present and the control of the co

In this table you set first many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you befor understand these terms we've

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment of other requirements which in the process of the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment of other requirements which in the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment of other requirements which in the concentration of the concentration of

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The \*Maximum Allowed (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The \*Maximum Allowed (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is

Maximum) Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The 'Goal (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant of the Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The 'Goal (MCLG) is the level of a Contaminant of the Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The 'Goal (MCLG) is the level of a Contaminant of the Contaminant

produces that sodition of a distribution is necessary for control microbial contaminates.

Control and Control and Control and Control of the series of a directing water distribution below which there is no known a

Maximum Reaction Distriction from the benefits of the use of districtions to control microbial contentments, expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of districtions to one microbial to the years or a single people.

Parts per mistion (gorn) or Milligrams per Mer (mgr) - one part per mison corresponds as the master of the 510,000.

\$10,000.

				TESTRE	ULLI			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Colocted	Level Detected	Range of Delects # of Gampies Europaing MCL/ACL	or Unit Measure green	MCLG	MCI.	Likely Source of Contemhelion
Inorganic C	ontam	inants					8000	Discharge of differe season.
10 Barkett	H	2010	.035	No Recgo	pem		1	decharge from metal refractes:
13. Chromayn	l <sub>R</sub>	2010	13	No Range	ppb	1	00 100	evocion in patural deposits
14 Copper	N	2009"	3	0 :	PPP		S AL-1	
Disinfectio	n Rv.P	roducts		_1				
BI. HAS		2010	10	No Range	ppb	0	•	By-Product of driving water
82. T(194		2010	184	No Range	apb .	0	80	By-product of drawing water chlorination
(Total (Hatelomethanes)	143				8000		MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control
Chining	N	2010	1.01	95-1.02	ppm	250	18 O 300	macrobes

Most recent sample. No sample required for 2010.

As you can see by the table, our system had no vicalions. We're proud that your directly water meets to develope the proof that your directly and table requirements. We have learned through our monotoning end testing that some constituents have been detected from the time of them. The detected from the time of them to the time of ti

We are required to monitor your desking vester for executic constituents on a monthly basis. Resetts of regular monitoring are all indicator of vesters or inst our desking water month health standards. In an electric or in the order of the constituents are supported to the constituence period.

See that the constituence was supported any private areas as a point to the early of the constituence period.

process, devoted books of last can proce spraces boths problems devoted by program sources and process of control of the process of the proce

All sources of direction waters are subject to processal construction? In disconnections, All directory water founding bottled waters and an appropriate of the process process of the process process of constructions of some constructions. The processes of constructions does not may transcribed his subject to the process of bottle proc

The Ceder Grove Harmony Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We said that all our The Ceder Grove Harmony Water Association works around the beaution of the and our children's future.

# CEDAR GROVE-HARMONY WATER ASSOCIATION POBOX 370 COLUMBIA MS 39429

June 27, 2011

Bureau of Public Water Supply P O Box 1700 Jackson MS 39215

Re: CCR Report - Cedar Grove-Harmony Water Association

Gentlemen:

I am enclosing the CCR Report and Proof of Publication for Cedar Grove-Harmony Water Association which was published in The Columbia-Progress on June 23, 2011.

Yours truly,

Margarette Speights, Secretary

Cedar Grove-Harmony Water Association

Enclosures